## THE UNIVERSE IS A BLUE TREE pino DEODATO











LIKELY, ABSOLUTELY LIKELY, EVEN CERTAIN Ivan Quaroni

"Wonder belongs to the philosopher's nature, and philosophy originates from wonder only" (Plato, Teeteto)

mong Ennio Flaiano's brilliant jokes and very sharp paradoxes, the one that gives the title to this exhibition seems to throw an adamantine light on the perpetual fluctuations, that swing back and forth from doubt to certainty; fluctuations that characterise the "contemporary" man (holding that this category really exists). I don't' know whether this is meant to be humorous or rather an accurate picture of a certain type of cynicism, simultaneously steady and gentle, sharp and poetic, insinuating the doubt within a vision of the world that, all in all, is open to the epiphanies of the wonderful and fantastic a vision that in my opinion perfectly fits to Pino Deodato. The artist has passed through seasons of burning political passions and nevertheless succeeded in maturing a point of view, at least in linguistic and aesthetic terms, capable of combining scepticism and emotionality, critical spirit and lyrical adhesion. Pino Deodato is a humanist, a picture alchemist, always tirelessly in transit between painting and sculpture, in-between drawing and installation, but also in-between concept and emotion. A son of different ages the militant age of the seventies, the individualist of the eighties, the definitely post-ideological of the nineties and the mobile and liquid of the first five years of the new millennium - Pino Deodato is an eccentric presence in the contemporary art scene. This anomaly has spent the last decades building up his own, original lyrical cosmology, made of soft moonscapes and evening apparitions, rarefied presences and surprising communions with panic. In his works the world looks like a territory of disclosures, an epiphanic place that man watches not just optically, with a surprised look, but also cerebrally, due to those literary and poetic

peregrinations that, unavoidably, are the mythological skeleton of his visions, often suspended between a sublime romanticism and a mysterious, crepuscular Mediterranean nature.

The man who thinks and watches, reads and writes, and constantly wonders about the innate essence of phenomena, about the ultimate substance of creation is the protagonist of Deodato's imagined journeys. He is a man folded in on himself, as if engaged in chasing the thread of a thought or unravelling the tangle of a dream; sometimes taking part in human affairs, constantly in search of utopian pacification through natural forms. This kind of man, who has lived within the artist's work for some time, is a secular variation of St. Thomas the apostle, who embodies the skeptical spirit that anticipates any change, the doubt that precedes any dismay. A dyad composed of feelings of incredulity and wonderment seems to govern Deodato's recent works, oscillating from pole to pole, with pendular accuracy, but posed as if they are complementary extremes, ontologically related. St. Thomas is actually a two-faced figure, who embodies the effigy of suspicion, one who just believes facts based on evidence, as well as the image of the missionary inflamed by faith, evangelizer of Syria, Mesopotamia and South Western India. Yet Deodato's St. Thomas is something more, the epitome of art and poetry becoming one. Doubtful tension is alluded to in works such as "Preciso disegno secondo canoni della sezione aurea" ("An accurate drawing according to the standards of the golden section") and "Le pieghe dei vestiti raccontano la storia" ("Clothes' folds tell the history"), both of them dominated by the alchemical "nigredo", the initial step in the descent into the underworld of reason. In the first installation, Thomas is actually the man who measures the world according to logic, who traces the perfect geometry of a circle. He, who observes a landscape of black haze, reproduces it mimetically, but then sits down on a sheet of crumpled paper, dejected. In the second installation, Thomas is represented with fingers sceptically outstretched



towards a hypertrophic wound, at once an apotheosis and a tribute to Caravaggio's notorious vulnus The Incredulity of Saint Thomas, 1601-1602. Here, with skillful synthesis, Deodato describes the events of an existential defeat, which defines and denounces the limitations of Cartesian thought. Yet this is just one stage of his own pilgrimage. Elsewhere, a rational approach seems to coexist with lyrical and intuitive ones, such as in the case of the diptych entitled "Seduto beve la notizia" ("Sitting up man drinks the news"), where reading and dreaming represent two ways of looking for the truth, one focused on the analysis of facts and their interpretations, the other focused on the images of the unconscious. Travel, be it physical or astral, is a recurrent subject in Deodato's works, which are often scattered with auroral, iridescent appearances that mark, like delicate filigrees, the cobalt of a nightly sky.

In his latest works, the vaults give way to a more tapered space, mostly monochromatic, in which the milky kaolin prevails and characters float among the minute reliefs of the trees, magmatic whirlpools and aerial nimbi. Deodato seems to focus on the action, like a close up in a film, neglecting the details of place, and the Blaue Reiter-style settings in much of his other work. "Ho amato un albero" ("I used to love a tree") and "Grande amore" ("Big love") actually show a chromatic sensitivity through subtle surface variations and soft chiaroscuro accents, that lighten the story, deprived of the calligraphic details that still abound in the home interiors of "Tra una carezza e un sorriso, l'universo" ("Between a caress and a smile, the universe"). In short, Deodato uses a drier, basic language, while never losing a sense of levity, in work permeated with astonishment and wonder in the everyday, such as in the case of "Portata del vento (da tradurre)" and "Meraviglioso", which are installations playing on a highly calculated sense of suspension, where man and nature seem to merge into a new level of intimacy, yet, full of references to a cultured or refined "naiveté". In these works, the first hour skeptic, St Thomas,

tormented by doubt, gives way to an astonished witness, to a champion of faith capable of embracing the existential maelstrom and rising above human worries, soaring amongst the clouds. Yet, the artist is not referring to a St. Thomas of Evangelic, Apostolic or even Gnostic faith. Pretentious figure, a sort of cultural lemma, used by the artist to introduce a non-denominational feeling of faith that is more similar to the elementary magic of popular folklore. Indeed, Deodato delineates a path in his work of discoveries and disclosures, of theophanies – perhaps collective but almost inevitably individual – that filter the human experience through coded artistic language.

Thomas' doubts are those of the artist, who is metaphorically suspended one step away from the brink, maybe waiting for a sign, a revelation. Wonder and astonishment become the viaticum for a definitive choice, because in order to launch into space one must first accept the mission, be it even in the prosaic sense of art.

There is a painting dating back to 1984, "Il suicidio del pittore" ("The suicide of the painter") that can be considered the forefather of many to many of the artist's later pieces. It shows a landscape at dusk, half occupied by a very high cliff, shrouded in shadows, from which we see a small fiery figure diving down. It does not seem to be a suicide at all, but a sort of soaring after a long period of indecision. Just before this moment, we can imagine the painter as the protagonist of "Sospeso nel nulla. Trova un precario equilibrio" ("Suspended in nothingness. He finds a precarious balance"), with his toes on the last bit of rock or maybe on the edge of a cliff, aware that in the blink of an eye, that coveted jump will become likely, absolutely likely, even certain.

## PINO DEODATO. HOW TO SEARCH AND, SOMETIMES, TO FIND OUT

Small, very small, calm, quiet and lonely. These are Pino Deodato's clay men, on view at Progettoarte-elm gallery in Milan. Lonely characters are suspended in the exhibition space, almost forming a capillary network of correspondences, voices, cross-references, each one somehow associated with the other's loneliness. "Cerco, trovo" ("I search, I find") is the title of the exhibition curated by Marco Meneguzzo, as well as the central essence of a "tranquillitate animi" that pervades Deodato's small men: to look for something that, you know, you'll be finding sooner or later, without a care. Painted works in clay and bronze, together with a few experiments in pencil drawing on terracotta tile, contrast transient sians with firm material presence. The "rooms" where the small clay statues live allegorically exemplify, in a variety of ways, the means by which knowledge or wisdom is acquired, be it in a library or primordially infused, falling short total knowing. But maybe being content is enough, otherwise one would have to face the idea of never being able to achieve the real goal, or reach the finish line. Perhaps the continuous quest for wisdom, without the anxiety

of trying to reach the highest peak, is knowledge too. No existential crisis haunts these normal men. Their familiar thoughts have been intimately unveiled. While singularly placid in their daily meditations, they seem resolute in the collective experience of existence. The artist reaches a sort of "humanized symbolism" by telling small stories - what is intimately personal can become symbolic. In Deodato's work every "tile" of men imbued in their thoughts adds to a mosaic of relationships that fill the exhibition space. Little by little something is revealed, but only to those who will search.

## WORKS









CLOUDS, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 15 x 6 x 10 cm

BEAM OF A STAR, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 10 x 4 x 4 cm







































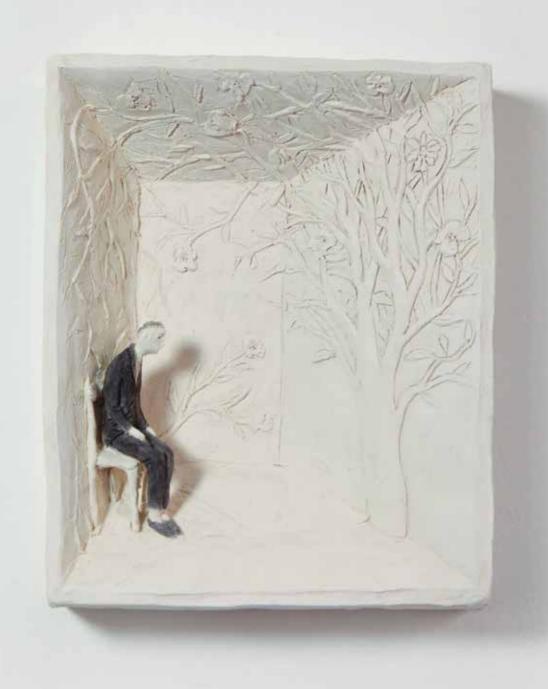








HOME SWEET HOME, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 22 x 17 x 7 cm  ${\tt BUILDER, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 9 x 24 x 4 cm}$ 







BELVEDERE (VIEW POINT), 2015, polychrome terracotta, 100 x 70 cm FAR, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 22 x 26 x 15 cm SMALL LANDSCAPE, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 28 x 19 x 3 cm











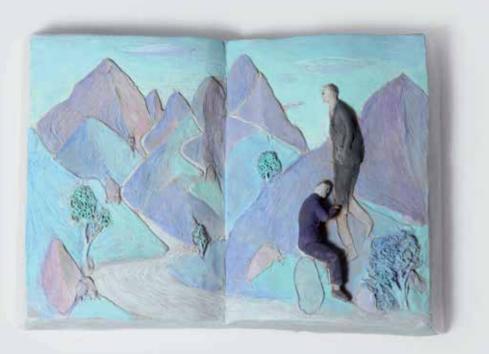








I SEARCH, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 16 x 12 x 6 cm



UNDONE, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 200 x 100 cm SELF-PORTRAIT, 2015, polychrome terracotta,  $18 \times 26 \times 3$  cm INFINITY, 2015, polychrome terracotta,  $19 \times 19 \times 10$  cm































GOOD NIGHT, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 18 x 13 x 3 cm













THERE'S NOTHING ELSE TO DO, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 32 x 28 x 8 cm  ${\tt AUTOBIOGRAPHY, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 22 x 17 x 2 cm}$ 







LITTLE IDEA, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 15 x 8 x 5 cm MANY LITTLE IDEAS, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 23 x 19 x 15 cm















HAVE A NICE JOURNEY, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 15 x 25 x 3 cm TOUCH THE SKY WITH ONE FINGER, 2015, polychrome terracotta, 23 x 7 x 7 cm







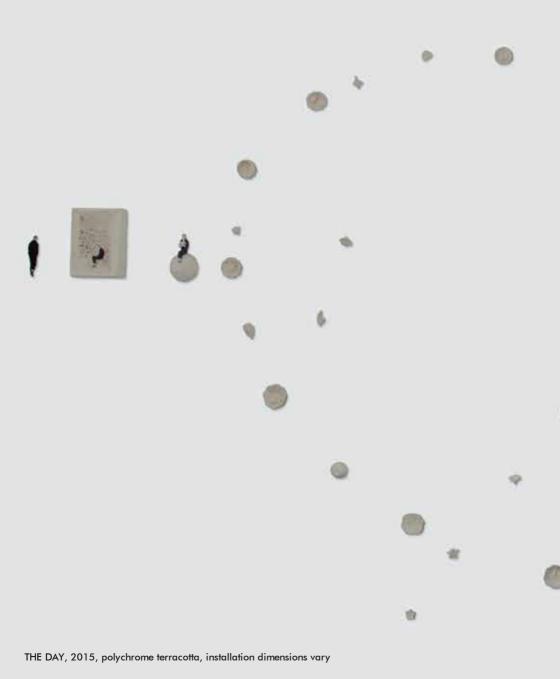


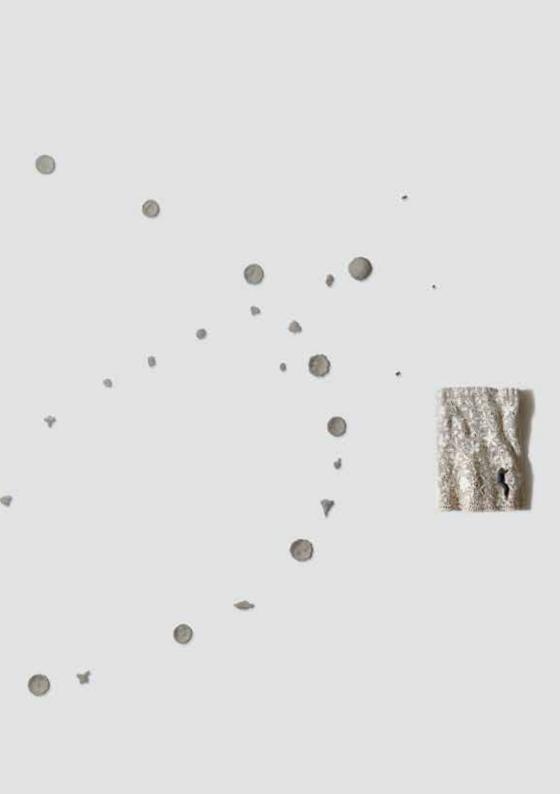




























# **BIOGRAPHY**

A path began in Nao di Jonadi (Vibo Valentia, Italy) where Deodato was born in 1950 and later completed his early studies and was granted a diploma in the arts in Vibo Valentia. Soon afterwards, in 1969, he decided to move to Milan to study at the Brera Academy; a choice that proved felicitous, considering that at the end of his first year of studies he was acknowledged as one of the best students with a group exhibition at Ciovasso Gallery. Meanwhile in Milan, Pino got in touch with the main players in the Milan art scene, including Paolo Baratella and Giangiacomo Spadari, who he later became the assistant to. Meanwhile he got in touch with the world of French art, approaching masters such as Gerard Guvomard, Ivan Messac and the Spanish Arroio. In the seventies, in a time when culture walked hand-in-hand with political and social events, that Deodato started developing his artistic creations and toured them around Italy. He also represented young Italian painting abroad by exhibiting his very personal work in Salon de la leune Peinture at Musèe D'Art Moderne, Paris, at Musèe du Luxembourg and at Alvarez Gallery in Lisbon and Oporto.

At the same time, in a frantic yet brilliant period of deep inspiration, his paintings were admired across Italy in the Quadriennale d'Arte Nazionale in Rome, and in exhibitions at the Murat Castle in Pizzo Calabro and the Gagliardi Palace in Vibo Valentia. In the late seventies and early eighties the artists developed several murals, both solo and collaborative, that called for social change. In 1982 Deodato resumed his personal artwork and continued exhibiting domestically and internationally, including in Milan (Gastaldelli, Il Milione, Klerks and Cardi galleries), Bologna (Cristofori), Turin (Narciso), Lucca (Poleschi), Benevento (various art

events). Forte dei Marmi (Susanna Orlando), and Miami (Ambrosino). He has been commissioned by the Coni (Foro Italico, Rome), the Paolo Pini Museum in Milan, by the city of Turin (Manifesto d'artista) and Sedriano (San Francisco and the Wolf). His work was also featured in the "Videosapere" telecast. Neodato's paintings that have been inspired by legends and fairy tales such as Tarzan, Tex Willer and Ulysses belong to the Trussardi, Coveri, Castelli, Pikler, Diamini and Manuli collections, amongst others. Magical realism was infused in the artist's work into the nineties. Paintinas such as The firefly eater and The man who used to talk with birds because men cannot hear anymore were metaphors for life to the artist who had isolated himself from the confusion of the outside world. These allegorical metaphors are still at work today to tell the story of man, traveling, with successes and disappointments, pulled from the album of his existence. Here introspection and the will to fight on despite obstacles, are essential for each individual to define their own space within the universe.

# SOLO EXHIBITIONS

#### **SOLO EXHIBITION**

#### 2015

The universe is a blue tree, CAP
Contemporary Art Platform, Kuwait
City, Kuwait
Pino Deodato. Cerco, trovo (I seek, I
find out)
progettoarte-elm, Milan

#### 2014

Senza parole (W ithout words),
Giuseppe Veniero
Project, Palermo
Certo, certissimo, anzi probabile,
(Certain, absolutely certain, even
likely)
Susanna Orlando Gallery,
Pietrasanta, curated by Ivan Quaroni

#### 2013

Gli Angeli di Pino Deodato (Pino Deodato's Angels), Orlando Arte Gallery, Roncadelle, Brescia La Campana di Filippo (Filippo's bell), PlusDesign Gallery, Milano 11-1 -13, Atlantica Gallery, Vicenza

## 2012

Il tarlo del chiodo fisso (To have a bee in one's bonnet) , Progettoarte ELM, Porto Mirabello, La Spezia Lo Scultore innamorato della Scultura (The sculptor in love with Sculpture), Roccatre Gallery, Turin

### 2011

Il Circo dell'arte (The art circus), Claudio Poleschi Contemporary Art, Lucca, curated by Enrico Mattei

## 2010

Equi...libri, Art's Event Gallery, Torrecuso, (Bn), curated by Giorgio Ognisola

## 2009

L'angelo custode (Guardian Angel), Piccola Galleria Maison, Pietrasanta (Lu) Paesaggi domestici (Domestic Landscapes), Progettoarte ELM, Milan, curated by Gabriele Sassone

### 2008

La Santa Scultura (Holy Sculpture), Narciso Gallery,Turin La Campana di Filippo (Filippo's Bell), Forte Belvedere, Florence

#### 2007

Parlava agli uccelli perchè gli uomini non ci sentivano più (He used to speak to the birds because men did not hear anymore), Palazzo Pantiachi, Tuscany Region, Florence

## 2006

La torta della sposa (The bride's cake), Klerkx Gallery, Milan

#### 2004

Parlava agli uccelli perchè gli uomini non ci sentivano più (He used to speak to the birds because men did not hear anymore), Sedriano Township Palace, (Milan)
Gli sposi, il pensatore e il mangiatore di lucciole (The bride and groom, the thinker and the fireflies eater), "Il Paese delle viole" project Jonadi, (W)
Pane e Vino (Bread and wine),
Mulazzo Old Town, (Massa Carrara)

## 2003

Silenzio (Silence), Narciso Gallery, Turin Panevino (Breadandwine), Cargo Ex Silo del Cacao, Milan, curated by Alessandro Riva

# 2002

Il sole tramontò alle 17.15 (The sun set at 5,15 pm), Porto Vito (Ro) Nostro pane quotidiano (Our daily

bread), An's Event Gallery, Torrecuso (Bn) San Francesco e il Lupo (St. Francis

San Francesco e il Lupo (St. Francis and the Wolf), S.Bernardino Church, Sedriano (Mi)

#### 2001

Chiaroscuro, Narciso Gallery, Turin

La Santa Pittura (The holy painting), Galica Arte

Contemporanea, Milan, curated by Luigi Dicorato

Con riso (Laughing), Monopoli Gallery, Pavia I Viandanti (Wayfarers), Gagliardi

Palace, Vibo Valentia

### 2000

Boccadirosa (Rose mouth), Ambrosino Gallery, Miami, curated by George Bolge

#### 1999

Dalla Terra verso il Cielo e ritomo (From heart to Heaven and Back), Art's Event Gallery, Torrecuso (Bv)

#### 1998

I Viandanti (Wayfarers), Santuario di Nostra

Signora D'Oropa (BI), curated by Luigi Dicorato and Marco Meneguzzo

#### 1997

L'Elogio dell'attesa (the Praise of Waiting), Studio Cristofori, Bologna curated by Sara Fontana Manufatto (Artefact), Cesarea Gallery,

Genoa, curated by Marco Pierini

# 1996

L'Opera Rossa (The red work), Susanna Orlando Gallery, Forte dei Marmi (W), curated by Paolo Sciortino I Primari (The Primary), Cardi Gallery, Milan, curated by Luigi Dicorato

## 1995

Ritratti (Portraits), Il Milione Gallery, Milan, curated by Pino Tripodi

# 1994

C'era una volta... (Once upon a time), Vittuone Township (Mi)

#### 1993

Tutti gli eroi sono buoni (All heroes are good), Proposte d'arte, Legnano (Mi)

## 1992

Confine (Boundary), Cardi Gallery, Milan, curated by Elena Pontiggia

#### 1991

Lupus in fabula, Gastaldelli Studio, Milan, curated by Mario Perazzi Per terre e per mani (Through lands and hands), Palmisano Gallery, Milan

Arte xerofita (Xerophile art), Centosei Arte, Bari

## 1989

Porta Ticinese Gallery, Milan Popolare di Milano Bank, Milan

#### 1988

Gastaldelli Studio

### 1987

Literary Cafè Portnoy, Milan

## 1986

Accent. Kaiserlautem Gallery, Freiburger Rinascita Cooperative, Vittuone (Mi)

#### 1985

Marenaio (Sailor), Studio dei Rossi, Verona Ween Das Gras Hoch Ist Uns Das Meer Tief, Panetta Gallery, Mannheim Pontepietra Gallery, Verona Steffanoni Gallery, Magenta (Mi)

## 1978

Town Library, Vittuone (Mi)

## 1975

Alternative Galleries (Parigi) Degli Angeli Gallery (Riccione) Galleria Alvarez (Oporto)

#### 1974

Gagliardi Palace (Vibo Valentia)

#### 1973

Murat Castle (Pizzo Calabro)

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